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FRIM joins IUCN firefly conservation efforts

KUALA LUMPUR: Forest Research Institute Malaysia's (FRIM) representative attended a workshop on conservation status assessment of South-East Asian and European fireflies, which is the first of its kind.

FRIM participated in a workshop which was held to conduct assessments on South-East Asian and European fireflies held at Parque Biológico de Gaia, Portugal, last month.

FRIM said that the International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN) Red List Assessment of Fireflies Workshop was attended by the institute's entomological research officer Dr Nada Badruddin.

Held on June 19-20, the workshop, organised by IUCN, IUCN Survivor Commission (IUCN SSC) Fire-

"This conservation status assessment of fireflies is a positive development."

International Union for Conservation of Nature

fly Specialist Group (FSG), with the support of Fireflyers International Network (FIN), it also hosted experts from Malaysia, Singapore, Thailand, Hong Kong, Spain, Belgium, Portugal and the United States.

"This conservation status assessment of South-East Asian and European fireflies is the first to be carried out and it is a positive development, especially for fireflies conservation efforts in the region and Malaysia in particular," FRIM said in a statement yesterday.

It said that fireflies were insects with their own attraction value and were a tourism icon in Malaysia, Bernama reported.

It added that fireflies, mainly of the genus Pteroptyx, thrive in areas with tidal rivers and in mangroves, concentrated mainly in the South-East Asian region.

In Malaysia, fireflies are a tourist attraction which contributes to the socio-economy of the local community and yet their habitats and populations continue to face various

threats from development, land use and pollution, among others, FRIM said.

The institute has monitored the fireflies population in Sungai Selangor on a monthly basis since 2006 and indicated the population has been on the decline and conservation efforts need to be continued and intensified.

The IUCN Red List is a global comprehensive source of information on the conservation status of animal, fungal and plant species and is an important indicator of the biodiversity health status on earth.

Not just a list of species and their status, the Red List is also a medium to inform and enhance biodiversity conservation efforts as well as policy changes related to natural resources conservation.